4 Nagara Sutta, Mahā Sakya,muni Gotama Sutta & Nagara Sūtra (Sanskrit)

S 12.10/2:10 f, S 12.65/2:104-107 & the Sanskrit version Pali ed Leon Feer (1888) and Skt ed Tripathi (1962) & Fukita (1982)

Theme: How the Buddha awakened A comparative translation by Piya Tan, ©2005

Introduction

Versions of the Sanskrit text

The Sanskrit text of the Nagara Sūtra, also called Nidāna Sūtra (by Levi) and Nagaropama Vyākaraṇa (by Fukita), has been edited by Sylvain Levi (1910, incomplete); by Chandrabhal Tripathi (1962), and revised by FUKITA Takamichi (1982, 1988b), and further minor corrections made by Piya Tan (in the text below). The same Sanskrit text has also been discussed by John M Cooper (1980).

Five Chinese translations are found in the Taishō Tripiṭaka, two in **the Āgama section**—the Samyukta and the Ekottara—and three as individual translations:

SĀ 287 = T2.80b-81a. Tr Guṇabhadra 求那跋陀羅 (Qiúnàbátuóluó), 435-443 CE.

EĀ 38.4 = T2.718. Tr Gautama Sanghadeva 瞿曇僧伽提婆, 397-398 CE.

T713 = T26.826. Full title: 貝多樹下思惟十二因緣經 (亦名聞城十二因緣經), tr Zhīqiān

吳月氏優婆塞支謙譯

T714 = T26.827. Full title: 緣起聖道經, tr Sānzàng 三藏 (Xuánzàng玄奘) 大唐三藏法師玄

奘奉 詔譯

T715 = T26.829. Full title: 佛說舊城喻經, tr Sānzàng 三藏 (Xuánzàng玄奘) 西天譯經三藏

朝奉大夫試光祿卿明教大師臣法賢奉 詔譯

From the comparative table of the Sanskrit text of the Nagara Sūtra and the Samyukta Āgama (Chinese translation by Guṇabhadra), it is clear from their almost full concordance that the latter is translated from the former. Guṇabhadra's Chinese translation however is much more abridged than the original Sanskrit text.

Nagara Sūtra

(Sanskrit ed Tripathi, 1962; Fukita, 1982)¹

5.1a Siddham [astu] | May you prosper!

5.1b Evam mayā śrutam eka(smin samaye bhagavāñ śrā)vastyām viharati sma jet(avane 'nāthapiṇḍadasy'ārāme |)

Thus have I heard. At one time the Blessed One was residing near Śrāvastī in Jeta's forest in Anāthapindada's park.

Before the awakening

5.1c (Tatra) bhagavān bhikṣūn āmantray(ati |)

There the Blessed One addressed the monks, thus:

5.2 "Pūrvam me bhikṣavo 'nuttarām samyak,sambodhim anabhisambuddhasyaikākino rahasigatasya pratisaml(ī)nasyaivam cetasi cetaḥ,parivitarka udapādi |

"Bhikshus, before my full self-awakening when I was not yet a supreme self-awakened Buddha, a thought arose in me when I was alone on solitary retreat. This thought arose in me, thus:

5.3a 'Kṛcchram batāyam loka āpanno yad uta jāyate 'pi (jīrya)te 'pi mriyate 'pi (cya)vate 'py (u)papadyat(e) 'pi' |

'Alas! What difficulty this world has fallen into! One is born, and decays, and dies, and falls (from the heavens), and is reborn.

Nagara Sutta

S 12.65/2:104-107

Nagara Sutta

S 12.65/2:104-107 (ed Leon Feer, PTS, 1888)

[104]

1 [Evam me sutam. Ekam samayam Bhagavā] Sāvatthiyam viharati [Jetavane Anathapindikassa ārāme].

[Thus have I heard. At one time, the Blessed One] was residing [in Anāthapiṇḍika's monastery in Jeta's forest] near Sāvatthī.

Before the awakening

[None]

2.1 "Pubbe me, bhikkhave, sambodhā anabhisambuddhassa bodhisattass' eva sato etad ahosi—

"Bhikshus, before my self-awakening, when I was still a bodhisattva, it occurred to me:

2.2 'Kiccham vatâyam loko āpanno jāyati ca jīyati ca mīyati ca cavati ca upapajjati² ca.

'Alas! What difficulty this world has come to! One is born, and decays, and dies, and falls (from the heavens), and is reborn.

Mahā Sakya, muni Gotama Sutta

S 12.10/2:10 f

Mahā Sakya,muni Gotama Sutta

S 12.10/2:10 f (ed Leon Feer, PTS, 1888)

[10]

1 ... Sāvatthiyam viharati ...pe...

[...He was staying near Sāvatthī.]

Before the awakening

2.1 "Pubbe me, bhikkhave, sambodhā anabhisambuddhassa bodhisattass'eva sato etad ahosi—

"Bhikshus, before my self-awakening, when I was still a bodhisattva, it occurred to me:

2.2 'Kiccham vatâyam loko āpanno jāyati ca jīyati ca mīyati ca cavati ca upapajjati ca.

'Alas! What difficulty this world has come to! One is born, and decays, and dies, and falls (from the heavens), and is reborn.

¹ Additional corrections by Piya Tan. Para 5.12-17 revised by Fukita, 1982.

² Be PTS Se *upapajjati*; Ce *uppajjati* always. While the former usu refers to rebirth, the latter has a general sense of birth: see CPD & DP.

5.3b Atha ca punar ime sattvā jarā,maraṇasyô(ttare) niḥsaraṇam yathā,bhūtam na prajānan(ti |)'

Furthermore, these beings know not according to reality, the escape out of this decay-and-death.'

[None]

Dependent arising of suffering

5.4a (Ta)sya mam-ai(tad abha)vat |

'Ka(smin nu) sati <u>jarā,mara(ṇam</u> bha)vati | kiṁ,pratyayañ ca punar jarā,maraṇam' |

Then it occurred to me:

'Now, when what is, does <u>decay-and-death</u> occur? And what is the condition for further decay-and-death?'

5.4b Tasya mama yoniśo ma(nas)i k(u)rva(ta) evam yathā,bhūtasyâbhisamaya u(dapādi |

'Jātyāṃ) satyāṁ jarā,maraṇaṁ bhavati | <u>jāti</u>,pratyaya(ñ ca punar jarā,ma)raṇam' |

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is birth, decay-and-death occurs, and with <u>birth</u> as condition, there is further decay-and-death.'

5.5a Tasya mam-aita(d a)bha(vat | 'Kasmin) nu sati jātir bha(vati | kim,pratyavā ca punar jātih' |)

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is, does birth occur? And what is the condition for further

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2.3 Atha ca pan'imassa dukkhassa nissaraṇam na-p,pajānāti jarā,maraṇassa.

Furthermore, they know not the escape from this suffering, from decay-and-death.

2.4 Kudassu nāma imassa dukkhassa nissaranam paññāyissati jarā,maranassâ 'ti

Now, when will an escape be known from this suffering of decay-and-death (and so on)?

Dependent arising of suffering

3 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho sati <u>jarā,maraṇam</u> hoti, kim paccayā jarā,maraṇan 'ti

Bhikshus, then it occurred to me:

'Now, when what is, does <u>decay-and-death</u> occur?

What is the condition for decay-and-death?'

4 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo—

'Jātiyā kho sati jarā,maraṇam hoti, jāti,paccayā jarā,maranan 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is birth, decay-and-death occurs;

with <u>birth</u> as condition, there is decay-and-death.'

5.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho sati jāti hoti, kim paccayā jāti hoti.

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me: 'Now when what is, does birth occur? What is the condition for birth?'

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2.3 Atha ca pan'imassa dukkhassa nissaraṇaṁ na-p,pajānāti jarā,maraṇassa.

Furthermore, they know not the escape from this suffering, from decay-and-death.

2.4 Kudāssu nāma imassa dukkhassa nissaraņam paññāyissati jarā,maraņassā 'ti?

Now when will an escape be known from this suffering of decay-and-death (and so on)?

Dependent arising of suffering

3.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi-

'Kimhi nu kho sati <u>jarā,maraṇam</u> hoti, kim paccayā jarāmaraṇan 'ti

Then, bhikshus, it occurred to me:

'Now, when what is, does <u>decay-and-death</u> occur?

What is the condition for decay-and-death?'

3.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasi-kārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo—

'Jātiyā kho sati jarā,maraṇaṁ hoti, <u>jāti</u>,paccayā jarā,maraṇan 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is birth, decay-and-death occurs;

with <u>birth</u> as condition, there is decay-and-death.'

4.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho sati jāti hoti, kim paccayā jāti hoti.

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is, does birth occur? What is the condition for birth?'

birth?'

5.5b (Tasya ma)ma yoniśo (manasi kurvata evam yathā,bhūtasyâbhisa)maya (udapādi |

'Bhave sati jātir bhavati <u>bhava</u>,pratyayā ca punar jātiḥ' |)

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is existence, birth occurs, and with <u>existence</u> as condition, there is further birth.'

5.6a (Tasya mam-aitad abhavat 'Kasmin nu sati bhavo bhavati | kim,pratyayaś ca punar bhavaḥ')

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is, does existence occur? And what is the condition for further existence?'

5.6b (Tasya mama yoniśo manasi kurvata evam yathā,bhūtasyâbhisamaya udapādi |

'Upādāne sati bhavo bhavati | upādāna,pratyayaś ca punar bhavaḥ')

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is clinging, existence occurs, and with <u>clinging</u> as condition, there is further existence.'

5.7a (Tasya mam-aitad abhavat | 'Kasmin nu saty upādānam bhavati | kim,prat)yayañ ca (punar upādānam' |)

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is, does clinging occur? And what is the condition for further clinging?'

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5.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Bhave kho sati jāti hoti, <u>bhava</u>,paccayā jātin 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, this through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is existence, birth occurs; with existence as condition, there is birth.'

5.3 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho sati bhavo hoti, kim paccayā bhavo 'ti?

Then, bhikshus, this this occurred to me: 'Now when what is, does existence occur? What is the condition for existence?'

5.4 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo—

'Upādāne kho sati bhavam hoti, upādāna,paccayā bhavan 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, this through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is clinging, existence occurs; with <u>clinging</u> as condition, there is existence.'

5.5 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho sati upādānam hoti, kim paccayā upādānan 'ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me: 'Now when what is, does clinging occur? What is the condition for clinging?'

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4.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Bhave kho sati jātim hoti, <u>bhava</u>,paccayā jātin 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus: 'When there is existence, birth occurs; with existence as condition, there is birth.'

5.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho sati bhavo hoti, kim paccayā bhavo 'ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me: 'Now when what is, does existence occur? What is the condition for existence?'

5.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo—

'Upādāne kho sati bhavam hoti, upādāna,paccayā bhavan 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus: 'When there is clinging, existence occurs; with <u>clinging</u> as condition, there is existence.'

6.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho sati upādānam hoti, kim paccayā upādānan 'ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me: 'Now when what is, does clinging occur? What is the condition for clinging?'

5.7b (Tasya mama yoniśo mana)si kurvata e(vam yathā,bhūtasyâbhisamaya udapādi |)

'T(ṛ)ṣṇāyāṁ sat(yā)m (upādānaṁ bhavati |

trsnā,pratyayañ ca punar upādānam' |)

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is craving, clinging occurs, and with <u>craving</u> as condition, there is further clinging.'

5.8a (Tasya mam-aitad abhavat | 'Kasmin nu sati tṛṣṇā bhavati |

kim,pratyayā ca punas tṛṣṇā' |)

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is, does craving occur?
And what is the condition for further craving?'

5.8b (Tasya mama yoniśo manasi kurvata evam yathā,bhūtasyâbhi)samaya udapādi |

'Vedanāyām satyām tṣṇā bhavati | vedanā,pratyayā ca punas tṛṣṇā' |

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is feeling, craving occurs, and with <u>feeling</u> as condition, there is further craving.'

5.9a Ta(sya) mam(ai)tad abhavat |

'Kasmin nu sati vedanā bhavati | kim,pratyayā ca punar vedanā' |

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is, does feeling occur? And what is the condition for further feeling?'

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5.6 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Taṇhāyam kho sati upadānam hoti, taṇhā,paccayā upādānan 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus: 'When there is craving, clinging occurs; with <u>craving</u> as condition, there is existence.'

5.7 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho sati taṇhā hoti, kim paccayā taṇhā 'ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me: 'Now when what is, does craving occur? What is the condition for craving?'

5.8 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Vedanāyam kho sati taṇham hoti, vedanā,paccayā tanhan 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus: 'When there is feeling, craving occurs; with feeling as condition, there is craving.'

5.9 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho sati vedanā hoti, kim paccayā vedanā 'ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me: 'Now when what is, does feeling occur? What is the condition for feeling?'

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6.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Tanhāyam kho sati upadānam hoti, tanhā,paccayā upādānan 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus: 'When there is craving, clinging occurs; with <u>craving</u> as condition, there is existence.'

7.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho sati taṇhā hoti, kim paccayā taṇhā 'ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me: 'Now when what is, does craving occur? What is the condition for craving?'

7.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Vedanāyam kho sati taṇham hoti, yedanā,paccayā tanhan 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus: 'When there is feeling, craving occurs; with feeling as condition, there is craving.'

8.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho sati vedanā hoti, kim paccavā vedanā 'ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me: 'Now when what is, does feeling occur? What is the condition for feeling?'

5.9b Tasya mama yo(niśo ma)nasi kurvata evam yathā,bhūtasyâbhisamaya udapādi |

'Sparśe sati veda(nā bha)vati | sparśa,pratyayā ca punar vedanā' |

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is contact, feeling occurs, and with <u>contact</u> as condition, there is further feeling.'

5.10a (Tasya mam-aitad a)bhavat | 'Kasmin nu sati sparśo bhavati | (kim,pratyaya)ś (ca) punaḥ sparśaḥ'

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is, does contact occur? And what is the condition for further contact?'

5.10b Tasya mama yoniśo (ma)nasi kurvata evam yathā,bhūtasyâbhisamaya udapādi

'Ṣaḍ-āyatane sati sparśo bhavati | saḍ-āyatana,pratyayañ ca punaḥ sparśaḥ'

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is the sixfold sense-base, contact occurs,

and with the sixfold sense-base as condition, there is further contact.'

5.11a (Tasya mam-aitad a)bhavat | 'Kasmin nu sati şaḍ-āyatanam bhavati | kim,pratyayañ ca (p)u(naḥ ṣaḍāvatanam' |)

Then this occurred to me:

Now when what is, does the sixfold sense-base occur?

And what is the condition for further sixfold sense-base?'

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5.10 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Phasse kho sati vedanam hoti, phassa,paccayā vedanan 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus: 'When there is contact, feeling occurs; with <u>contact</u> as condition, there is feeling.'

5.11 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho sati phasso hoti, kim paccayā phasso 'ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me: 'Now when what is, does contact occur? What is the condition for contact?'

5.12 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Saļ-āyatane kho sati phassam hoti, saļ-āyatana,paccayā phassan 'ti

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is the sixfold sense-base, contact occurs;

with the sixfold sense-base as condition, there is contact.

5.13 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho sati saļ-āyatanam hoti, kim paccayā saḍ-āyatanan ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is, does the sixfold sense-base occur?

What is the condition for sixfold sense-base?'

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8.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Phasse kho sati vedanam hoti, phassa,paccayā vedanan 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus: 'When there is contact, feeling occurs; with contact as condition, there is feeling.'

9.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho sati phasso hoti, kim paccayā phasso 'ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:
'Now when what is, does contact occur?
What is the condition for contact?'

9.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Saļ-āyatane kho sati phassam hoti, sal-āyatana,paccayā phassan 'ti

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is the sixfold sense-base, contact occurs:

with the sixfold sense-base as condition, there is contact.'

10.1 Tassa mayham, etad ahosi— 'Kimhi nu kho sati sal-āyatanam hoti, kim paccayā sad-āyatanan ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is, does the sixfold sensebase occur?

What is the condition for sixfold sense-base?'

5.11b (Ta)sya mama yoniśo manasi kurvata evam yath(ā),bhūtasyâbhisamaya udapādi |

'Nāma,rūpe sati ṣaḍ-āyatanaṁ bhavati | <u>nāma,rūpa,</u>pratyayañ ca punaḥ ṣaḍāyatanam' |

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is name-and-form, the sixfold sense-base occurs.

and with <u>name-and-form</u> as condition, there is further sixfold sense-base.'

5.12a Tasya mam-aitad abhavat | 'Kasmin nu sat(i, nāma),rūpam bhavati | kim,pratyayañ ca punar nāma,rūpam' |

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is, does name-and-form occur?

And what is the condition for further name-and-form?'

5.12b Tasya mama yoniśo manasi (kurva)ta evam yathā,bhūtasyâbhisamaya uda(pādi |

'Vijñāne sati nā)marūpam bhavati | vijñāna,pra(tyayañ ca punar nāma,rūpam' |)

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is consciousness, name-andform occurs,

and with <u>consciousness</u> as condition, there is further name-and-form.'

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5.14 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo—

'Nāma,rūpe kho sati saļ-āyatanam hoti, nāma,rūpa,paccayā saļ-āyatanan 'ti

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is name-and-form, the sixfold sense-base occurs;

with <u>name-and-form</u> as condition, there is the sixfold sense-base.'

5.15 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho sati nāma,rūpam hoti, kim paccayā nāma,rūpan ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is, does name-and-form occur?

What is the condition for name-and-form?'

6 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo—

'Viññāṇe kho sati nāma,rūpam hoti, viññāṇa,paccayā nāma,rūpan 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there is in me the penetration thus:

'When there is consciousness, name-andform occurs;

with **consciousness** as condition, there is name-and-form.'

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10.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo—

'Nāma,rūpe kho sati saļ-āyatanam hoti, nāma,rūpa,paccayā saļ-āyatanam 'ti

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is name-and-form, the sixfold sense-base occurs;

with <u>name-and-form</u> as condition, there is sixfold sense-base.'

11.1 Tassa mayham, etad ahosi— 'Kimhi nu kho sati nāma,rūpam hoti, kim paccayā nāma,rūpan ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is, does name-and-form occur?

What is the condition for name-and-form?'

11.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo—

'Viññāṇe kho sati nāma,rūpam hoti, viññāṇa,paccayā nāma,rūpan 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there is in me the penetration thus:

'When there is consciousness, name-andform occurs;

with **consciousness** as condition, there is name-and-form.

5.13a Tasya mam-aitad abhavat | 'Kasmin (nu sati vijñānam bhava)t(i) | kim,pratyayañ ca punar vijñā(nam)' |

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is, does consciousness occur?

And what is the condition for further consciousness?'

[None]

[None]

Nagara Sutta

S 12.65/2:104-107

7 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho sati viññāṇam hoti, kim paccayā viññāṇan 'ti

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is, does consciousness occur?

What is the condition for consciousness?'

8 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya—

'Nāma,rūpe kho, sati viññāṇam hoti, nāma,rūpa,paccayā viññāṇam 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there is in me the penetration thus:

'When there is name-and-form,

consciousness occurs;

with **name-and-form** as condition, there is consciousness.'

9.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi-

'Paccudāvattati kho idam viññāṇam, nāma,rūpamhā na param gacchati.'

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now this consciousness turns back.

It goes no further than name-and-form.'

Mahā Sakya, muni Gotama Sutta

S 12.10/2:10 f

12.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho sati viññāṇam hoti, kim paccayā viññāṇan 'ti

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is, does consciousness occur?

What is the condition for consciousness?'

[None]

[None]

Nagara Sutta S 12.65/2:104-107

Mahā Sakya,muni Gotama Sutta S 12.10/2:10 f

5.13b (Tasya mama yoniśo mana)si kurvata evam yathā,(bhūtas[y]³âbhisamaya udapādi |

'<u>Samskāreşu</u> satsu vijñānam bhavati | samskāra,pratya[y]añ⁴ ca punar vijñānam' |)

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there are <u>formations</u>, consciousness occurs,

and with formations as condition, there is further consciousness.'

5.14a (Tasya mam-aitad abhavat | 'Kasmin nu sati samskārā bhavanti | kim,pratyayāś ca punaḥ samskārāḥ' |)

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is, do formations occur? And what is the condition for further formations?'

5.14b (Tasya mama yoniśo manasi kurvata evam yathā,bhūtasyâbhisamaya udapādi |

'<u>Avidyāyām</u> satyām samskārā bhavanti | avidyā,pratyayāś ca punaḥ samskārāḥ')

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is <u>ignorance</u>, formations occur.

and with ignorance as condition, there are further formations.'

[None]

[None]

³ Semi-vowel **-y-** added.

12.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya—

'Saṅkhāre kho, sati viññāṇaṁ hoti, saṅkhāra,paccayā viññāṇan 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there is in me the penetration thus:

'When there is formations, consciousness occurs;

with <u>formations</u> as condition, there is consciousness.'

13.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho sati saṅkhārā hoti, kim paccayā saṅkhārā 'ti

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is, does formations occur?

What is the condition for formations?'

13.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— Āvijjāya kho sati saṅkhārā honti, avijjā,paccayā saṅkhārā 'ti

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is ignorance, formations occur;

with <u>ignorance</u> as condition, there are formations.'

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⁴ Tripathi & Fukita has *pratyatañ* (wr).

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The 12-link arising of suffering

[None]

5.15 (Ity avidyā⁵pratyayāḥ samskārāh | samskāra, pratyayam viiñānam | vijñāna, pratyayam nāma,rūpam | nāma,rūpa,pratyayam sad-āvatanam | şad-āyatana, pratyayah sparśah | sparśa, pratyayā vedanā | vedanā, pratyayā trsņā | tṛṣṇā,pratyayam upādānam | upādāna, pratyayo bhavah | bhava, pratvavā jātih | jāti,pratyayam jarā,maraņam śoka, paride (va, duhkha, daurmanasyôpā vāsāh sambhavanti |)

(Eva)m as(ya kevalasya maha)to duḥ(kha,skandhasya samudayo bha)vati |

Thus with ignorance as condition, there are formations.

With formations as condition, there is consciousness.

With consciousness as condition, there is name-and-form.

With name-and-form as condition, there is the sixfold sense-base.

With the sixfold sense-base as condition, there is contact.

With contact as condition, there is feeling.
With feeling as condition, there is clinging.
With clinging as condition, there is craving.
With craving as condition, there is
existence.

With existence as condition, there is birth.
With birth as condition, there is decay-and-death:

⁵ Correction for wr *āvidhyā*.

The "looped" arising of suffering

9.2 Ettāvatā jāyetha vā jīyetha vā mīyetha vā cavetha vā upapajjetha vā, yadidam:

It is thus far that one may be born, or may decay, or may die, or may fall from life, or may be reborn, namely:

,	
9.3 <u>nāma,rūpa,paccay</u> ā	<u>viññāṇaṁ;</u>
<u>viññāṇa,paccayā</u>	<u>nāma,rūpam</u> ;
nāma,rūpa,paccayā	saļ-āyatanam;
saļ-āyatana,paccayā	phasso;
phassa,paccayā	vedanā;
vedanā,paccayā	taṇhā;
taṇhā,paccayā	upādānam;
upādāna,paccayā	bhavo;
bhava,paccayā	jāti;
jāti,paccayā	jarā,maraņam;
soka,parideva,dukkha	a,domanass'-
upāyāsā sambhavanti.	[105]
Evam-etassa kevalassa dukkha-k,-	

Evam-etassa kevalassa dukkha-k,-khandhassa samudayo hoti.

With name-and-form as condition, there is consciousness.

With consciousness as condition, there is name-and-form.

With name-and-form as condition, there is the sixfold sense-base.

With the sixfold sense-base as condition, there is contact.

With contact as condition, there is feeling.
With feeling as condition, there is craving.
With craving as condition, there is clinging.
With clinging as condition, there is
existence.

With existence as condition, there is birth.

With birth as condition, there is decay-and-death.

The 12-link arising of suffering

14.1 Iti h'idam avijjā,paccayā sankhārā; sankhāra,paccayā viññānam: viññāṇa,paccayā nāma,rūpam; nāma,rūpa,paccayā sal-āvatanam: saļ-āyatana,paccayā phasso; phassa, paccavā vedanā; vedanā, paccayā tanhā; tanhā, paccavā upādānam; upādāna,paccayā bhavo: bhava,paccayā iāti: jāti,paccayā jarā,maraņam; soka, parideva, dukkha, domanass'upāyāsā sambhavanti.

14.2 Evam etassa kevalassa dukkha-k,-khandhassa samudavo hoti.

Thus there is this:

With ignorance as condition, there are formations.

With formations as condition, there is consciousness.

With consciousness as condition, there is name-and-form.

With name-and-form as condition, there is the sixfold sense-base.

With the sixfold sense-base as condition, there is contact.

With contact as condition, there is feeling.
With feeling as condition, there is clinging.
With clinging as condition, there is craving.
With craving as condition, there is existence.
With existence as condition, there is birth.
With birth as condition, there is decay-and-death:

Sorrow, lamentation mental pain, physical pain, and despair arise.

Thus there is the arising of this whole great mass of suffering.

[None]

Dependent ending of suffering

5.16a Tasya mam-aita(d abhava)t | 'Kasmin (nv asati <u>jarā,ma)raṇaṁ</u> (na bhavati |

kasya nirodhāj ja)rā,ma(raṇa,nirodhaḥ' |)

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does <u>decay-and-</u>death not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of decay-and-death?'

5.16b (Tasya) ma(ma yoniśo manasi kurvata e)vam ya(thā),bhūtasyâbhi(sama)ya (udapādi |

'Jātyām asatyām, jarā,maraṇam na bhavati |

jā)t(i),ni(rodhāj jarā,maraṇa,nirodhaḥ' |)

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is no birth, decay-and-death does not occur.

With the ending of <u>birth</u>, there is the ending of decay-and-death.'

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Sorrow, lamentation, mental pain, physical pain, and despair arise.

Thus there is the arising of this whole mass of suffering.

10 'Samudayo, samudayo 'ti kho me, bhikkhave, pubbe ananussutesu dhammesu cakkhum udapādi ñāṇam udapādi paññā udapādi vijjā udapādi āloko udapādi.

'The arising! The arising!' thus, bhikshus, it occurred to me. In things unheard before, the eye arose in me, knowledge arose, wisdom arose, true knowledge arose, light arose.

Dependent ending of suffering

11 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi–

'Kimhi nu kho asati <u>jarā,maraṇam</u> na hoti.

kissa nirodhā jarā,maraņa,nirodho 'ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does <u>decay-and-</u>death not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of decay-and-death?'

12 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Jātiyā kho asati jarā,maraṇam na hoti; jāti,nirodhā jarā,marana,nirodho 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no birth, decay-and-death does not occur.

With the ending of <u>birth</u>, there is the ending of decay-and-death.'

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14.2 Sorrow, lamentation mental pain, physical pain, and despair arise.

Thus there is the arising of this whole mass of suffering.

15 'Samudayo, samudayo'ti kho me, bhikkhave, pubbe ananussutesu dhammesu cakkhum udapādi, ñāṇām udapādi, paññā udapādi, vijjā udapādi, āloko udapādi.

'The arising! The arising!' thus, bhikshus, it occurred to me. In things unheard before, the eye arose in me, knowledge arose, wisdom arose, true knowledge arose, light arose.

Dependent ending of suffering

16.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi-

'Kimhi nu kho asati, <u>jarā,maraṇam</u> na hoti,

kissa nirodhā jarā,maraṇa,nirodho'ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does <u>decay-and-</u>death not occur?

With the ending of what, is the ending of decay-and-death?'

16.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo-

'Jātiyā kho asati, jarā,maraṇam na hoti, jāti,nirodhā jarā,maraṇa,nirodho 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise consideration, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no birth, decay-and-death does not occur.

With the ending of <u>birth</u>, there is the ending of decay-and-death.'

5.17a (Ta)sya (mam-aitad abha)vat | 'Kasmin nv asat(i jātir na bhavati | kasya) niro(dhāj jāti,nirodhaḥ' |)

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does birth not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of birth?'

5.17b (Tas)ya mama (yoniśo manasi kurvata evaṁ yathā,bhūtasyâbhisa)maya udapādi |

'Bhave 'sati (jāti)r na bhavati | bhava,nirodhāj jāti,nirodhaḥ' |

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is no existence, birth does not occur.

With the ending of <u>existence</u>, there is the ending of birth.'

Sorrow, lamentation mental pain, physical pain,

5.18a Tasya mam-aitad abhavat | 'Kasmin nv asati bhavo na bhavati | kasya nirodhād bhava,nirodhaḥ |

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does existence not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of existence?'

5.18b Tasya mama yoniśo manasi kurvata evam yathā,bhūtasyâbhisamaya udapādi |

'Upādāne 'sati, bhavo na bhavati | upādāna,nirodhād bhava,nirodhaḥ' |

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

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13.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi-

'Kimhi nu kho asati jāti na hoti, kissa nirodhā jāti,nirodho 'ti?'

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does birth not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of birth?'

13.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Bhave kho asati jāti na hoti; bhava,nirodhā jāti,nirodho 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no existence, birth does not occur.

With the ending of <u>existence</u>, there is the ending of birth.'

13.3 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi–

'Kimhi nu kho asati bhavo na hoti, kissa nirodhā bhavo nirodho 'ti?'

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now, bhikshus, when what is not, does existence not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of existence?'

13.4 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Upādāne kho asati bhavo na hoti; upādāna,nirodhā bhava,nirodho 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

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17.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi-

'Kimhi nu [11] kho asati, jāti na hoti, kissa nirodhā jāti,nirodho 'ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does birth not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of birth?'

17.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Bhave kho asati jāti na hoti; bhava,nirodhā jāti,nirodho 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no existence, birth does not occur.

With the ending of <u>existence</u>, there is the ending of birth.'

18.1 Tassa mayhain, bhikkhave, etad ahosi-

'Kimhi nu kho asati bhavo na hoti, kissa nirodhā bhavo nirodho 'ti?'

Then this occurred to me:

'Now, bhikshus, when what is not, does existence not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of existence?'

18.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Upādāne kho asati bhavo na hoti; upādāna,nirodhā bhava,nirodho 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no clinging, existence does not occur.

With the ending of <u>clinging</u>, there is the ending of existence.'

5.19a Tasya mam-aitad abhavat |

'Kasmin nv asaty upādānam na bhavati | kasya nirodhād upādāna,nirodhaḥ' |

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does clinging not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of clinging?'

5.19b Tasya mama yoniso manasi kurvata evam yathā,bhūtasyâbhisamaya udapādi |

['Tṛṣṇāyām asatyām, upādānam na bhavati, |]⁶

tṛṣṇā nirodhād upādāna,nirodhah'

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is no craving, existence does not occur.

With the ending of <u>craving</u>, there is the ending of clinging.'

5.20a Tasya mam-aitad abhavat |

'Kasmin nv asati tṛṣṇā na bhavati | kasya nirodhāt tṛṣṇā,nirodhah' |

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does craving not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of craving?'

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'When there is no clinging, existence does not occur.

With the ending of <u>clinging</u>, there is the ending of existence.'

13.5 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi–

'Kimhi nu kho asati upādānam na hoti, kissa nirodhā upādāna,nirodho 'ti?'

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does clinging not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of clinging?'

13.6 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo—

'Taṇhāyam kho asati upādānam na hoti;

tanhā,nirodhā upādāna,nirodho 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no craving, clinging does not occur.

With the ending of <u>craving</u>, there is the ending of clinging.'

13.7 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi-

'Kimhi nu kho asati taṇhā na hoti, kissa nirodhā tanhā,nirodho 'ti?'

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does craving not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of craving?'

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'When there is no clinging, existence does not occur.

With the ending of <u>clinging</u>, there is the ending of existence.'

19.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi–

'Kimhi nu kho asati upādānam na hoti, kissa nirodhā upādāna,nirodho 'ti?'

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does clinging not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of clinging?'

19.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo—

'Taṇhāyaṁ kho asati upādānaṁ na hoti:

tanhā,nirodhā upādāna,nirodho 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no craving, clinging does not occur.

With the ending of <u>craving</u>, there is the ending of clinging.'

20.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi-

'Kimhi nu kho asati taṇhā na hoti, kissa nirodhā tanhā,nirodho 'ti?'

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does craving not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of craving?'

⁶ This sentence added. (P)

5.20b Tasya mama yoniso manasi kurvata evam yathā,bhūtasyâbhisamaya udapādi |

'Vedanāyām asatyām tṛṣṇā na bhavati | vedanā,nirodhāt tṛṣṇā,nirodhaḥ |

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is no feeling, craving does not occur.

With the ending of <u>feeling</u>, there is the ending of craving.'

5.21a Tasya mam-aitad abhavat | 'Kasmin nv asati vedanā na bhavati | kasya nirodhād vedanā,nirodhah' |

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does feeling not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of feeling?'

5.21b Tasya mama yoniśo manasi kurvata evam yathābhūtasyâbhisamaya udapādi |

'Sparśe sati vedanā na bhavati | sparśa,nirodhād vedanā,nirodhaḥ' |

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is no contact, feeling does not occur.

With the ending of <u>contact</u>, there is the ending of feeling.'

5.22a Tasya mam-aitad abhavat | 'Kasmin nv asati sparśo na bhavati | kasya nirodhāt sparśa,nirodhaḥ' |

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does contact not occur?

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S 12.65/2:104-107

13.8 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Vedanāyam kho asati taṇhā na hoti, Vedanā,nirodhā taṇhā,nirodho 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no feeling, craving does not occur.

With the ending of <u>feeling</u>, there is the ending of craving.'

13.9 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi–

'Kimhi nu kho asati vedanā na hoti, kissa nirodhā vedanā,nirodho 'ti?'

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does feeling not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of feeling?'

13.10 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Phasse asati vedanā na hoti, Phassa,nirodhā vedanā,nirodho 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no contact, feeling does not occur.

With the ending of <u>contact</u>, there is the ending of feeling.'

13.11 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi–

'Kimhi nu kho asati phasso na hoti, kissa nirodhā phassa,nirodho 'ti?'

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

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20.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Vedanāyam kho asati taṇhā na hoti, Vedanā,nirodhā tanhā,nirodho 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no feeling, craving does not occur.

With the ending of <u>feeling</u>, there is the ending of craving.'

21.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi–

'Kimhi nu kho asati vedanā na hoti, kissa nirodhā vedanā,nirodho 'ti?'

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does feeling not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of feeling?'

21.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo—

'Phasse asati vedanā na hoti, Phassa,nirodhā vedanā,nirodho 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no contact, feeling does not occur.

With the ending of <u>contact</u>, there is the ending of feeling.'

22.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi–

'Kimhi nu kho asati phasso na hoti, kissa nirodhā phassa,nirodho 'ti?'

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

With the ending of what, is there the ending of contact?'

5.22b Tasva mama voniśo manasi kurvata evam yathā,bhūtasyâbhisamaya udapādi |

['Sad-āyatane 'sati sparso na bhavati | sad-āyatana,nirodhāt sparša,nirodhah' |]

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

I'When there is no sixfold sense-base. contact does not occur.

With the ending of the sixfold sense-base, there is the ending of contact.']

5.23a Tasya mam-aitad abhavat | 'Kasmin nv asati sad-āvatanam na bhavati |

kasva nirodhāt sad-āvatana,nirodhah'

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does the sixfold sense-base not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of the sixfold sense-base?'

5.23b Tasya mama yoniso manasi kurvata evam vathā, bhūtas vâbhisamava udapādi |

'Nāma,rūpe 'sati, şaḍ-āyatanam na bhavati |

nāma,rūpa,nirodhāt sad-āvatana,nirodhah' |

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is no name-and-form, the sixfold sense-base does not occur.

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'Now when what is not, does contact not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of contact?'

13.12 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo-

'Sal-āvatane kho asati phasso na hoti; sal-āvatana,nirodhā phassa,nirodho 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no sixfold sense-base, contact does not occur.

With the ending of the sixfold sense-base, there is the ending of contact.'

13.13 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi-

'Kimhi nu kho asati sal-āyatanam na hoti, kissa nirodhā sal-āvatana,nirodho 'ti?'

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does the sixfold sense-base not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of the sixfold sense-base?'

13.14 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāva abhisamavo—

'Nāma,rūpe kho asati saļ-āyatanam na hoti:

nāma,rūpa,nirodhā saļ-āyatana,nirodho 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no name-and-form, the sixfold sense-base does not occur.

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S 12.10/2:10 f

'Now when what is not, does contact not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of contact?'

22.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo— 'Sal-āvatane kho asati phasso na hoti; sal-āvatana, nirodhā phassa, nirodho 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention. there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no sixfold sense-base, contact does not occur.

With the ending of the sixfold sense-base, there is the ending of contact.'

23.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi-

'Kimhi nu kho asati sal-āyatanam na hoti, kissa nirodhā sal-āvatana,nirodho 'ti?'

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does the sixfold sense-base not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of the sixfold sense-base?'

23.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāva abhisamavo—

'Nāma,rūpe kho asati saļ-āyatanam na hoti;

nāma,rūpa,nirodhā saļ-āyatana,nirodho 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no name-and-form, the sixfold sense-base does not occur.

⁷ This section not in Tripathi, but in Fukita.

With the ending of <u>name-and-form</u>, there is the ending of the sixfold sense-base.'

5.24a Tasya mam-aitad abhavat | 'Kasmin nv asati nama,rūpam na bhavati |

kasya nirodhān nāma,rūpa,nirodhah' |

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does name-andform not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of name-and-form?'

5.24b Tasya mama yoniśo manasi kurvata evam yathā,bhūtasyâbhisamaya udapādi |

'Vijñāne 'sati nāma,rūpam na bhavati | vijñāna,nirodhān nāma,rūpa,nirodhaḥ' |

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is no consciousness, nameand-form does not occur.

With the ending of <u>consciousness</u>, there is the ending of name-and-form.'

5.25a Tasya mam-aitad abhavat | 'Kasmin nv asati vijñānam na bhavati | kasya nirodhād vijñāna,nirodhaḥ' |

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does consciousness not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of consciousness?'

5.25b Tasya mama yoniśo manasi kurvata evam yathā,bhūtasyâbhisamaya udapādi |

'Samskāreşv asatsu vijñānam na bhavati |

samskāra,nirodhād vijnāna,nirodhah' |

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With the ending of <u>name-and-form</u>, there is the ending of the sixfold sense-base.'

13.15 Tassa mayham bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho asati nāma,rūpam na hoti, kissa nirodhā nāma,rūpa,nirodho ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does name-andform not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of name-and-form?'

14 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo

'Viññāṇe kho asati nāma,rūpam na hoti; viññāṇa,nirodhā nāma,rūpa,nirodho 'ti

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no consciousness, nameand-form does not occur.

With the ending of <u>consciousness</u>, there is the ending of name-and-form.'

15 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi—

'Kimhi nu kho asati viññāṇaṁ na hoti; kissa nirodhā viññāṇa,nirodho 'ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does consciousness not occur?

With the ending of what is the

With the ending of what, is there the ending of consciousness?'

16 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo—

'Nāma,rūpe kho asati viññāṇam na hoti; nāma,rūpa,nirodhā viññāṇa,nirodho 'ti.

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With the ending of <u>name-and-form</u>, there is the ending of the sixfold sense-base.'

Looped ending of suffering

24.1 Tassa mayham bhikkhave, etad ahosi-

'Kimhi nu kho asati nāma,rūpam na hoti, kissa nirodhā nāma,rūpa,nirodho ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does name-andform not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of name-and-form?'

24.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo

'Viññāṇe kho asati nāma,rūpam na hoti; viññāṇa,nirodhā nāma,rūpa,nirodho 'ti

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no consciousness, nameand-form does not occur.

With the ending of *consciousness*, there is the ending of name-and-form.

25.1 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi–

'Kimhi nu kho asati viññāṇam na hoti; kissa nirodhā viññāṇa,nirodho 'ti?

Then, bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, does

consciousness not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of consciousness?'

25.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, yoniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo—

'Nāma,rūpe kho asati viññāṇam na hoti; sankhāra,nirodhā viññāṇa,nirodho 'ti.

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there are no formations. consciousness does not occur.

With the ending of formations, there is the ending of consciousness.'

5.26a Tasva mam-aitad abhavat

'Kasmin nv asati samskārā na bhavanti | kasya nirodhāt samskāra,nirodhah' |

Then this occurred to me:

'Now when what is not, do formations not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of formations?'

5.26b Tasva mama voniśo manasi kurvata evam yathā,bhūtasyâbhisamaya udapādi |

'Avidyāyām asatyām, samskārā na bhavanti |

avidyā,nirodhāt samskāra,nirodhah' |

Then through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is no ignorance, formations do not occur;

With the ending of ignorance, there is the ending of formations.'

The 12-link ending of suffering

5.27 ity

avidvā.nirodhāt samskāra,nirodhād vijñāna,nirodhān nāma,rūpa,nirodhāt sad-āyatana,nirodhāt sparśa,nirodhah | sparśa,nirodhād vedanā.nirodhāt

samskāra,nirodhah | vijñāna,nirodhah | nāma,rūpa,nirodhah | sad-āvatana,nirodhah | vedanā,nirodhah tṛṣṇā,nirodhah |

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Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no name-and-form, consciousness does not occur.

With the ending of name-and-form, there is the ending of consciousness.'

[None]

[None]

The "looped" ending of suffering

17 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, etad ahosi-'adhigato kho my-āyam maggo bodhāva vad-idam-

nāma,rūpa,nirodhā viññāna.nirodhā nāma,rūpa,nirodhā

sal-āvatana,nirodhā phassa,nirodhā vedanā,nirodhā

viññāṇa,nirodho; nāma,rūpa,nirodho; sal-āyatana,nirodho; phassa,nirodho vedanā,nirodho; tanhā,nirodho;

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Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there was in me penetration into wisdom thus:

'When there is no name-and-form, consciousness does not occur.

With the ending of *formations*, there is the ending of consciousness.

26.1 Kimhi nu kho asati, sankhārā na honti.

kissa nirodhā sankhāra.nirodho 'ti?

Now when what is not, do formations not occur?

With the ending of what, is there the ending of formations?'

26.2 Tassa mayham, bhikkhave, voniso manasikārā ahu paññāya abhisamayo-

'Avijjāya kho asati, sankhārā na honti, avijjā,nirodhā sankhārā,nirodho 'ti.

Then, bhikshus, through wise attention, there arose in me penetration into reality thus:

'When there is no ignorance, formations do not occur;

With the ending of ignorance, there is the ending of formations.'

The 12-link ending of suffering

27 Iti h'idam

aviiiā.nirodhā sankhāra,nirodhā viññāna,nirodhā nāma,rūpa,nirodhā saļ-āyatana,nirodhā phassa,nirodhā

vedanā.nirodhā

sankhāra,nirodho; viññāna,nirodho; nāma,rūpa,nirodho; sal-āvatana,nirodho; phassa,nirodho; vedanā,nirodho; tanhā.nirodho:

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tṛṣṇā,nirodhād upādāna,nirodhaḥ |
upādāna,nirodhād bhava,nirodhāj jāti,nirodhaḥ |
jāti,nirodhāj jarā,maraṇa,nirodhaḥ |

śoka,parideva,duḥkha,daurmanasyôpāyā sā nirudhyante |

evam asya kevalasya mahato duḥkha,skandhasya nirodho bhavati |

Thus with the ending of ignorance, there is the ending of formations.

With the ending of formations, there is the ending of consciousness.

With the ending of consciousness, there is the ending of name-and-form.

With the ending of name-and-form, there is the ending of the sixfold sense-base.

With the ending of the sixfold sense-base, there is the ending of contact.

With the ending of contact, there is the ending of feeling.

With the ending of feeling, there is the ending of craving.

With the ending of craving, there is the ending of clinging.

With the ending of clinging, there is the ending of existence.

With the ending of existence, there is the ending of birth.

With the ending of birth, there is the ending of decay-and-death:

Sorrow, lamentation, physical pain, mental pain, and distress end.

Thus there is the ending of this whole great mass of suffering.

[None]

taṇhā,nirodhā upādāna,nirodho; upādāna,nirodhā bhava,nirodho; bhava,nirodhā jāti,nirodho;

jāti,nirodhā jarā,maraṇa,nirodho;

soka,parideva,dukkha,domanass'upāyāsā nirujjhanti:

Evam etassa kevalassa dukkha-k,-khandhassa nirodho hoti.'

Bhikshus, this occurred to me:

'I have indeed found this path of awakening; namely:

With the ending of name-and-form, there is the ending of consciousness.

With the ending of consciousness, there is the ending of name-and-form.

With the ending of name-and-form, there is the ending of the sixfold sense-base.

With the ending of the sixfold sense-base, there is the ending of contact.

With the ending of contact, there is the ending of feeling.

With the ending of feeling, there is the ending of craving.

With the ending of craving, there is the ending of clinging.

With the ending of clinging, there is the ending of existence.

With the ending of existence, there is the ending of birth.

With the ending of birth, there is the ending of decay-and-death:

Sorrow, lamentation, physical pain, mental pain, and distress end.

Thus there is the ending of this whole mass of suffering.

18 'Nirodho, nirodho 'ti kho me, bhikkhave, pubbe ananussutesu dhammesu cakkhum udapādi ñāṇam udapādi paññā udapādi vijjā udapādi āloko udapādi. taṇhā,nirodha ā upādāna,nirodho; upādāna,nirodh ā bhava,nirodho; bhava,nirodhā jāti,nirodho; jāti,nirodhā jarā,maraṇa,nirodho;

soka,parideva,dukkha,domanass'upāvāsā nirujihanti:

Evam etassa kevalassa dukkhak,khandhassa nirodho hoti.

Thus there is this: with the ending of ignorance, there is the ending of formations.

With the ending of formations, there is the ending of consciousness.

With the ending of consciousness, there is the ending of name-and-form.

With the ending of name-and-form, there is the ending of the sixfold sense-base.

With the ending of the sixfold sense-base, there is the ending of contact.

With the ending of contact, there is the ending of feeling.

With the ending of feeling, there is the ending of craving.

With the ending of craving, there is the ending of clinging.

With the ending of clinging, there is the ending of existence.

With the ending of existence, there is the ending of birth.

With the ending of birth, there is the ending of decay-and-death:

Sorrow, lamentation, physical pain, mental pain, and distress end.

Thus there is the ending of this whole great mass of suffering.

28 'Nirodho, nirodho'ti kho me, bhikkhave, pubbe ananussutesu dhammesu cakkhum udapādi, ñāṇam udapādi, paññā udapādi, vijjā udapādi, āloko udapādî" 'ti.

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[None]

'The ending! The ending!' thus, bhikshus, it occurred to me. In things unheard before, the eye arose in me, knowledge arose, wisdom arose, true knowledge arose, light arose.

'The ending! The ending!' thus, bhikshus, it occurred to me. In things unheard before, the eye arose in me, knowledge arose, wisdom arose, true knowledge arose, light arose."

The parable of the ancient city

5.28 Tasya mam-aitad abhavat |

'Adhigato me paurāņo mārgaḥ paurāṇam vartma paurāṇī puṭā pūrvakair ṛṣibhir yātānuyātā' |

Then this occurred to me:

'I have arrived at an ancient road, an ancient way, an ancient path, followed by ancient seers.'

5.29a Tad-yathā puruṣo 'raṇye pravaṇe 'nvāhiṇḍann adhigacchet paurāṇam mārgam paurāṇam vartma paurāṇīm puṭām pūrvakair manuṣyair yātānuyātām |

It is just as if a man, while wandering in a forest on a mountain-side, arrives at an ancient road, an ancient way, an ancient path, followed by people in the past.

5.29b Sa tam anugacchet |

Sa tam anugacchan sa tatra paṣyet paurāṇaṁ nagaraṁ paurāṇīṁ rāja,dhānī(m) ārāma,saṁ(pannāṁ) vana,saṁpannāṁ puṣkariṇī,saṁpannāṁ śubhāṁ dāpa,vatī(ṁ) ramaṇīyà(m |)

He arrived there.

Having arrived there, he sees an ancient city, an ancient royal city, endowed with parks, endowed with forests, endowed lotus ponds, and surrounded with ramparts that are beautiful and delightful.

The parable of the ancient city

[None]

19.1 Seyyathā'pi, bhikkhave, puriso araññe pavane caramāno passeyya purāṇaṁ maggaṁ purāṇ'añjasaṁ pubbakehi manussehi anuyātaṁ.

It is just as if, bhikshus, a man, while wandering in a forest on a mountain-side, arrives at an ancient road, an ancient highway [a straight, direct way], followed by people in the past.

19.2 So tam anugaccheyya.

Tam anugacchanto passeyya purāṇam nagaram purāṇam rāja,dhānim [106] pubbakehi <u>manussehi ajjhāvutṭham</u> ārāma,sampannam vana,sampannam pokkharaṇī,sampannam uddhāpa,vantam ramaṇīyam.

He arrived there.

Having arrived there, he sees an ancient city, an ancient royal city, <u>inhabited by people</u>, endowed with parks, endowed with forests, endowed with lotus ponds, and surrounded with ramparts—delightful.

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5.30a Tasy-aivam syāt |

'yan nv aham gatvā rājña ārocayeyam' | a(tha sa puruṣo rājña evam) ārocayet | 'yat khalu deva jānīyāḥ |

ihâham adrākṣam araṇye pravaṇe 'nvāhiṇḍan paurāṇaṁ mārgaṁ (paurāṇaṁ vartma paurāṇīṁ puṭāṁ p)ārvakair manuṣyair yātānuyātām |

Then it occurred to him:

'Now what if I were to go and inform the rajah.'

Then the man informs the rajah thus:

'Indeed, your majesty, you should know that while I was here wandering through a forest on a mountain-side, I saw an ancient road, an ancient way, an ancient path, followed by people in the past.

5.30b So 'ham tam anugatavān |

So 'ham tam anugacchann adrākṣam paurāṇīm nagaram paurā(ṇīm rāja,dhānīm vana,sam)pannām puṣkarinī,sampannām śubhām dāpa,vatīm ramanīyām |

Tām devo nagarīm māpayatu' |

I followed it,

and following it, I saw an ancient city, an ancient royal city, endowed with parks, endowed with forests, endowed lotus ponds, and surrounded with ramparts, beautiful and delightful.

Your majesty, may you renovate that city.'

5.31 Atha sa rājā (tām nagarīm māpayet sā syād a)pareņa samayena rāja,dhānī rddhā ca sphītā ca kṣemā ca subhikṣā câkīrṇa,bahujana,manuṣyā ca | 20.1 Atha kho so, bhikkhave, puriso rañño vā rāja,mahā'mattassa vā āroceyya:

'Yagghe, bhante, jāneyyāsi— Aham addasam araññe pavane caramāno purāṇam maggam purāṇ'añjasam pubbakehi manussehi anuyātam.

Then, bhikshus, the man informs the rajah or a royal minister:

'Please, sir, you should know this: While I was wandering in a forest on a mountain-side, I saw an ancient road, an ancient highway [a straight, direct way], followed by people in the past.

20.2 Tam anugacchim.

Tam anugacchanto addasam purāṇam nagaram purāṇam rāja,dhānim pubbakehi manussehi ajjhāvuṭṭham ārāma,sampannam vana,sampannam pokkharaṇī,sampannam uddāpa,vantam ramaṇīyam.

Tam, bhante, nagaram māpehī 'ti.

I followed it.

and following it, I saw an ancient city, an ancient royal city, <u>inhabited by people</u>, endowed with parks, endowed with forests, endowed with lotus ponds, and surrounded surrounded with ramparts—delightful.

Your majesty, may you renovate that city.'

21.1 Atha kho so, bhikkhave, rājā vā rāja,mahā'matto vā tam nagaram māpeyya. Tad-assa nagaram aparena samayena iddhañ c'eva phītañ ca bāhu,jaññam ākiṇṇa,manussam vuddhi,vepulla-p,pattam.

⁸ **Uddāpa~**, preferred vl for *uddhāpa*~.

Then the rajah renovates the city, and in due course, it becomes a royal city, successful, prosperous, with much almsfood, and crowded and teeming with people.

The noble eightfold path

5.32 Eva(m eva adhigato me paurāņo mārgaḥ paurāṇam vartma paurāṇī puṭā) pūrvakair rsibhir⁹ vātānuvātā |

Even so, I have found an ancient road, an ancient way, an ancient path, followed by seers in the past.

[None]

5.34 Yad¹⁰ ut-āryâṣṭā(ṅgo mārgas ta)d-yathā
samyag dṛṣṭiḥ
samyak saṅkalpaḥ
sa(m)ya(g vā)k
samyak karmāntaḥ
samyag ājīvaḥ
samyag vyāyāmaḥ
(sa)myak smṛtiḥ
samya(k samādhih)

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Then, bhikshus, the rajah or a royal minister renovates the city. In due course, it becomes a city that is successful and prosperous, widely known, popular, endowed with prosperity and plenty.

The noble eightfold path

21.2 Evam eva khvâham, bhikkhave, addasam purāṇam maggam purāṇ,añjasam pubbakehi sammā,sambuddhehi anuyātam.

Even so, bhikshus, I have seen an ancient road, an ancient way, followed by fully self-awakened ones in the past.

22.1 Katamo ca so, bhikkhave, purāṇa,maggo purāṇ'añjaso pubbakehi sammā,sambuddhehi anuyāto.

And what, bhikshus, is that ancient road, that ancient path, followed by the fully self-awakened ones in the past?

22.2 Ayam eva ariyo aṭṭhaṅgiko maggo, seyyathā'pi—

sammā,diṭṭhi, sammā,saṅkappo, sammā,vācā, sammā,kammanto, sammā,ājīvo, sammā,vāyāmo, sammā,sati, sammā,samādhi. Mahā Sakya, muni Gotama Sutta

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⁹ In early Buddhism, *isi* (Skt *ṛṣi*) is a syn for *Buddha*.

¹⁰ Yad uta = yad idam, "namely, to wit." Yad uta is not found in Pali.

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That is to say, the noble eightfold path, namely:

right view, right intention, right speech, right action, right livelihood, right effort, right mindfulness, right concentration.

5.35 (A)sau bhikṣavaḥ paurāṇo mārgaḥ paurāṇaṁ vartma paurāṇī puṭā pūrvakair rṣibhir yātānuyā(tā) |

Bhikshus, this ancient road, ancient way, ancient path, followed by seers in the past.

5.36 (Tam aham a)nuga(tavān |
tam anugacchañ
jarā,ma)raṇaṁ (a)drākṣam |
jarā,maraṇa,samudayaṁ;
(jarā,mara)ṇa,nirodhaṁ;
jarā,maraṇa,nirodha,gāminīṁ pratipadam adrākṣaṁ |

I have followed it.

Following it, I saw decay-and-death, the arising of decay-and-death, the ending of decay-and-death,

the way to the ending of decay-and-death.

It is this very noble eightfold path, namely:

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right view,
right intention,
right speech,
right action,
right livelihood,
right effort,
right mindfulness,
right concentration

22.3 Ayam kho so, bhikkhave, purāṇa,-maggo purāṇ'añjaso pubbakehi sammā,-sambuddhehi anuyāto.

This, bhikshus, is that ancient road, that ancient path, followed by the fully self-awakened ones in the past.

23.1 Tam anugacchim;¹¹
tam anugacchanto
jarā,maraṇam abbhaññāsim;
jarā,maraṇa,samudayam abbhaññāsim;
jarā,maraṇa nirodham abbhaññāsim;
jarā,maraṇa,nirodha,gāminim paṭipadam abbhaññāsim.

I followed it.

Following it,

I directly knew decay-and-death,

I directly knew the arising of decay-and-death,

I directly knew the ending of decay-and-death.

I directly knew the way to the ending of decay-and-death.

¹¹ **Abbhaññāsim**, aor of *abhijānāmi*, "I know, understand," or more technically, "I directly know."

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Nagara Sutta S 12.65/2:104-107

5.37 E(vam jāti,bhavôpādā)na,tṛṣṇā,-vedanā,sparśa,śaḍ-āyata[na],¹²nāma,rūpa,-vijñānam

Thus I saw birth,...; 13
...existence,...;
...clinging,...;
...craving,...;
...feeling,...;
...contact,...;
...the sixfold sense-base,...;
...name-and-form,...;
...consciousness,...;

samskārān adrākṣam | samsk(ā)ra,samudayam samskāra,nirodham samskāra,nirodha,gāminīm pratipadam adrākṣam |

thus I saw formations;
I saw the arising of formations;
I saw the ending of formations;
I saw the way leading to the ending of formations.

¹² Missing syllable added.

23.2 Tam anugacchim; tam anugacchanto

jātim abbhaññāsim;

- 24 ...bhavam abbhaññāsim...;
- 25 ...upādānam abbhaññāsim...;
- 26 ...tanham abbhaññāsim...;
- 27 ...vedanam abbhaññāsim...;
- 28 ...phassam abbhaññāsim...;
- 29 ...saļ-āyatanam abbhaññāsim...;
- 30 ...nāma,rūpam abbhaññāsim...;
- 31 ...viññāṇaṁ abbhaññāsiṁ....

I followed it. Following it,

I directly knew birth...;

- ...I directly knew existence...;
- ...I directly knew clinging...;
- ...I directly knew craving...;
- ...I directly knew feeling...;
- ...I directly knew contact...;
- ...I directly knew the sixfold sense-base...;
- ...I directly knew name-and-form...;
- ...I directly knew consciousness...;

32 Tam anugacchim; tam anugacchanto

saṅkhāre abbhaññāsiṁ;

sankhārasamudayam abbhaññāsim;

sankhāranirodham abbhaññāsim;

sankhāra,nirodha,gāminim paṭipadam abbhaññāsim.

I followed it. Following it,

I directly knew formations,

I directly knew the arising of formations,

I directly knew the ending of formations,

I directly knew the way leading to the end of formations.

¹³ I surmise that there is a *peyyāla* here.

Nagara Sutta S 12.65/2:104-107

Liberation

5.38 So 'ham imān dharmān svayam abhijñ(āya sākṣīkṛtvā) bhikṣuṇāṁ ārocayāmi |

bhikṣūṇīnām upāsakānām upasikānām nānā,tīrthya,śramaṇa,(brāhma)ṇa,cakara,¹⁴parivrājakānām ārocayāmi |

Having realized direct knowledge regarding this Dharma for myself, I declare it to the monks,

I declare it to the nuns, to the laymen, to the laywomen, to various sectarians, recluses, brahmins, (community members) and wanderers.

Here, a monk, practising rightly, becomes an attainer:

he correctly attains to the wholesome Dharma.

And a nun, too, or a layman, too, or a laywoman, too, practising rightly, becomes an attainer:

they¹⁵ correctly attain to the wholesome Dharma.

Liberation

[107] 33.1 Tad abhiññāya ācikkhim¹⁶ bhikkhūnam

bhikkhunīnam upāsakānam upāsikānam.

Having directly known it, I explained it to the monks.

the nuns, the laymen, and the laywomen.

[None]

¹⁴ -*Cakara*- I am not sure what to make of this (wr?), but elsewhere we have *-gaṇika-*, "community members" in cpds (eg Mvst 3.392.7).

¹⁵ I have here used the common plural.

¹⁶ Ācikkhim, aor of *ācikkhāmi*, "I describe, explain."

Nagara Sutta S 12.65/2:104-107

Mahā Sakya,muni Gotama Sutta S 12.10/2:10 f

5.40 Evam idam brahma,caryam vaistārikam bhavati bahu,janyam pṛthu,bhūtam yāvad deva,manuşyebhyaḥ samyak,suprakāśitam" ||

Thus this holy life has become successful and prosperous, and widely known, widespread, and popular, rightly and well proclaimed amongst gods and men."

33.2 Tay-idam, bhikkhave brahma,cariyam iddhañ c'eva phītañ ca vitthārikam bāhu,jaññam puthu,bhūtam yāva deva,manussehi suppakāsitan" ti.

This holy life, bhikshus, has become successful and prosperous, and widely known, widespread, and popular, amongst gods and men."

— **Pañcamaṁ** — The fifth (sutta of the chapter)

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